



The City of Memphis requires that construction contractors implement Best Management Practices on sites to prevent polluted runoff and eroded soil from entering storm drains. Debris and chemicals can flow into local waterways through the storm drain system. This type of pollution is harmful to both humans and natural ecosystems.

See reverse for a quick-reference guide to inlet protection requirements related to pollution prevention planning.

INLET PROTECTION

WARNING: Inlet protection will cause flooding.

Do not use inlet protection in streets open to traffic or other areas where flooding could cause damage.

There are many types of acceptable inlet protection. Two common, effective methods are shown below:



Minimum size=1.5"

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC

Suitable for sediment removal.

6-72 INLET CONCRETE BLOCKS

Depending on actual site conditions, it may be necessary to increase the height of the inlet protection by adding another row of concrete blocks to provide adequate treatment capacity.





